

# 74AHC3GU04

## Inverter

Rev. 01 — 23 September 2004

Product data sheet

## 1. General description

The 74AHC3GU04 is a high-speed Si-gate CMOS device. This device provides the inverting single stage function.

## 2. Features

- Symmetrical output impedance
- High noise immunity
- ESD protection:
  - ◆ HBM EIA/JESD22-A114-B exceeds 2000 V
  - ◆ MM EIA/JESD22-A115-A exceeds 200 V
  - ◆ CDM EIA/JESD22-C101 exceeds 1000 V.
- Low power dissipation
- Balanced propagation delays
- Multiple package options
- Output capability  $\pm 8$  mA drive
- Specified from  $-40$  °C to  $+85$  °C and from  $-40$  °C to  $+125$  °C.

## 3. Quick reference data

**Table 1: Quick reference data**

$GND = 0$  V;  $T_{amb} = 25$  °C;  $t_r = t_f \leq 3.0$  ns.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$t_{PHL}, t_{PLH}$	propagation delay nA to nY	$V_{CC} = 5$ V; $C_L = 15$ pF	-	2.5	5.5	ns
$C_I$	input capacitance		-	3.0	10	pF
$C_{PD}$	power dissipation capacitance		[1]	-	4	-
			[2]			pF

[1]  $C_{PD}$  is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation ( $P_D$  in  $\mu W$ ).

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i \times N + \Sigma(C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) \text{ where:}$$

$f_i$  = input frequency in MHz;

$f_o$  = output frequency in MHz;

$C_L$  = output load capacitance in pF;

$V_{CC}$  = supply voltage in Volts;

N = total load switching outputs;

$\Sigma(C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$  = sum of the outputs.

[2] The condition is  $V_I = GND$  to  $V_{CC}$ .

**PHILIPS**

## 4. Ordering information

Table 2: Ordering information

Type number	Package			
	Temperature range	Name	Description	Version
74AHC3GU04DP	-40 °C to +125 °C	TSSOP8	plastic thin shrink small outline package; 8 leads; body width 3 mm; lead length 0.5 mm	SOT505-2
74AHC3GU04DC	-40 °C to +125 °C	VSSOP8	plastic very thin shrink small outline package; 8 leads; body width 2.3 mm	SOT765-1
74AHC3GU04GM	-40 °C to +125 °C	XSON8	plastic extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 8 terminals; body 0.95 × 1.95 × 0.5 mm	SOT833-1

## 5. Marking

Table 3: Marking

Type number	Marking code
74AHC3GU04DP	AU04
74AHC3GU04DC	AU4
74AHC3GU04GM	AU4

## 6. Functional diagram

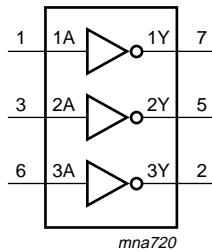


Fig 1. Logic symbol.

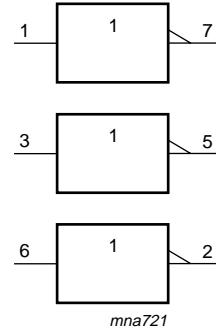


Fig 2. IEC logic symbol.

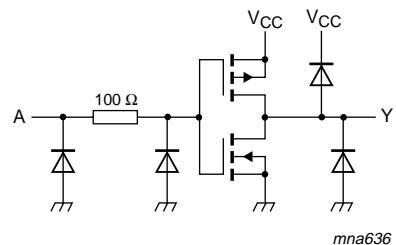


Fig 3. Logic diagram.



## 7. Pinning information

### 7.1 Pinning

<p>Fig 4. Pin configuration TSSOP8 and VSSOP8.</p>	<p>Fig 5. Pin configuration XSON8.</p>
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### 7.2 Pin description

Table 4: Pin description

Symbol	Pin	Description
1A	1	data input
3Y	2	data output
2A	3	data input
GND	4	ground (0 V)
2Y	5	data output
3A	6	data input
1Y	7	data output
V <sub>CC</sub>	8	supply voltage

## 8. Functional description

### 8.1 Function table

Table 5: Function table [1]

Input nA	Output nY
L	H
H	L

[1] H = HIGH voltage level;  
L = LOW voltage level.

## 9. Limiting values

**Table 6: Limiting values**

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
$V_{CC}$	supply voltage		-0.5	+7.0	V
$V_I$	supply voltage		-0.5	+7.0	V
$I_{IK}$	input diode current	$V_I < -0.5$ V	-	-20	mA
$I_{OK}$	output diode current	$V_O < -0.5$ V or $V_O > V_{CC} + 0.5$ V	[1]	-	±20 mA
$I_O$	output source or sink current	$V_O > -0.5$ V or $V_O < V_{CC} + 0.5$ V	-	±25	mA
$I_{CC}, I_{GND}$	$V_{CC}$ or GND current		-	±75	mA
$T_{stg}$	storage temperature		-65	+150	°C
$P_{tot}$	power dissipation	$T_{amb} = -40$ °C to +125 °C	-	250	mW

[1] The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

## 10. Recommended operating conditions

**Table 7: Recommended operating operations**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$V_{CC}$	supply voltage		2.0	5.0	5.5	V
$V_I$	input voltage		0	-	5.5	V
$V_O$	output voltage		0	-	$V_{CC}$	V
$T_{amb}$	operating ambient temperature	see <a href="#">Section 11</a> and <a href="#">Section 12</a>	-40	+25	+125	°C
$t_r, t_f$	input rise and fall times	$V_{CC} = 3.3$ V ± 0.3 V	-	-	100	ns/V
		$V_{CC} = 5$ V ± 0.5 V	-	-	20	ns/V

## 11. Static characteristics

**Table 8: Static characteristics**

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>T<sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C</b>						
V <sub>IH</sub>	HIGH-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V	1.7	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	2.4	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V	4.4	-	-	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V	-	-	0.3	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	-	-	0.6	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V	-	-	1.1	V
V <sub>OH</sub>	HIGH-level output voltage	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>				
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V; I <sub>O</sub> = -50 µA	1.9	2.0	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V; I <sub>O</sub> = -50 µA	2.9	3.0	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; I <sub>O</sub> = -50 µA	4.4	4.5	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V; I <sub>O</sub> = -4.0 mA	2.58	-	-	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	LOW-level output voltage	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>				
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V; I <sub>O</sub> = 50 µA	-	0	0.1	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V; I <sub>O</sub> = 50 µA	-	0	0.1	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; I <sub>O</sub> = 50 µA	-	0	0.1	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V; I <sub>O</sub> = 4.0 mA	-	-	0.36	V
I <sub>LI</sub>	input leakage current	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND; V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V	-	-	0.1	µA
		V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND; I <sub>O</sub> = 0 A; V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V	-	-	1.0	µA
C <sub>I</sub>	input capacitance		-	3.0	10	pF
<b>T<sub>amb</sub> = -40 °C to 85 °C</b>						
V <sub>IH</sub>	HIGH-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V	1.7	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	2.4	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V	4.4	-	-	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V	-	-	0.3	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	-	-	0.6	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V	-	-	1.1	V
V <sub>OH</sub>	HIGH-level output voltage	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>				
		I <sub>O</sub> = -50 µA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V	1.9	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -50 µA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	2.9	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -50 µA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V	4.4	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -4.0 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	2.48	-	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -8.0 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V	3.8	-	-	V

**Table 8: Static characteristics ...continued**

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$V_{OL}$	LOW-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$				
		$I_O = 50 \mu A; V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.1	V
		$I_O = 50 \mu A; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.1	V
		$I_O = 50 \mu A; V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.1	V
		$I_O = 4.0 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.44	V
$I_{LI}$	input leakage current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	1.0	$\mu A$
		$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $I_O = 0 \text{ A}; V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	10	$\mu A$
$C_I$	input capacitance		-	-	10	pF
<b><math>T_{amb} = -40 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}</math> to <math>+125 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}</math></b>						
$V_{IH}$	HIGH-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}$	1.7	-	-	V
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	2.4	-	-	V
		$V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V}$	4.4	-	-	V
$V_{IL}$	LOW-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.3	V
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.6	V
		$V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	1.1	V
$V_{OH}$	HIGH-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$				
		$I_O = -50 \mu A; V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}$	1.9	-	-	V
		$I_O = -50 \mu A; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	2.9	-	-	V
		$I_O = -50 \mu A; V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$	4.4	-	-	V
		$I_O = -4.0 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	2.40	-	-	V
$V_{OL}$	LOW-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$				
		$I_O = 50 \mu A; V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.1	V
		$I_O = 50 \mu A; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.1	V
		$I_O = 50 \mu A; V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.1	V
		$I_O = 4.0 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.55	V
		$I_O = 8.0 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.55	V
		$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	2.0	$\mu A$
		$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $I_O = 0 \text{ A}; V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	40	$\mu A$
			-	-	10	pF
			-	-	10	pF

## 12. Dynamic characteristics

**Table 9: Dynamic characteristics**

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V);  $t_r = t_f \leq 3.0$  ns. See [Figure 7](#).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	
<b>T<sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C</b>							
t <sub>PHL</sub> , t <sub>PLH</sub>	propagation delay nA to nY	see <a href="#">Figure 6</a>					
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V; C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF	[1]	-	3.0	7.1	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V; C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF	[1]	-	4.3	10.6	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V; C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF	[2]	-	2.5	5.5	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V; C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF	[2]	-	3.5	7.0	ns
C <sub>PD</sub>	power dissipation capacitance		[3][4]	-	4	-	pF
<b>T<sub>amb</sub> = -40 °C to 85 °C</b>							
t <sub>PHL</sub> , t <sub>PLH</sub>	propagation delay nA to nY	see <a href="#">Figure 6</a>					
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V; C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF	1.0	-	8.5	ns	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V; C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF	1.0	-	12.0	ns	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V; C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF	1.0	-	6.0	ns	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V; C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF	1.0	-	8.0	ns	
<b>T<sub>amb</sub> = -40 °C to 125 °C</b>							
t <sub>PHL</sub> , t <sub>PLH</sub>	propagation delay nA to nY	see <a href="#">Figure 6</a>					
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V; C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF	1.0	-	10.0	ns	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V; C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF	1.0	-	13.5	ns	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V; C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF	1.0	-	7.0	ns	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V; C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF	1.0	-	9.0	ns	

[1] Typical values are measured at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V.

[2] Typical values are measured at V<sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V.

[3] C<sub>PD</sub> is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P<sub>D</sub> in  $\mu$ W).

P<sub>D</sub> = C<sub>PD</sub> × V<sub>CC</sub><sup>2</sup> × f<sub>i</sub> × N + Σ(C<sub>L</sub> × V<sub>CC</sub><sup>2</sup> × f<sub>o</sub>) where:

f<sub>i</sub> = input frequency in MHz;

f<sub>o</sub> = output frequency in MHz;

C<sub>L</sub> = output load capacitance in pF;

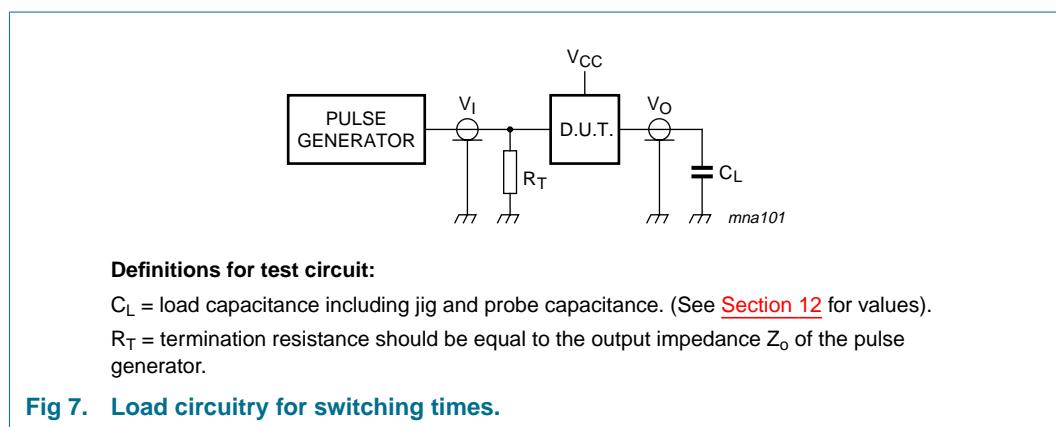
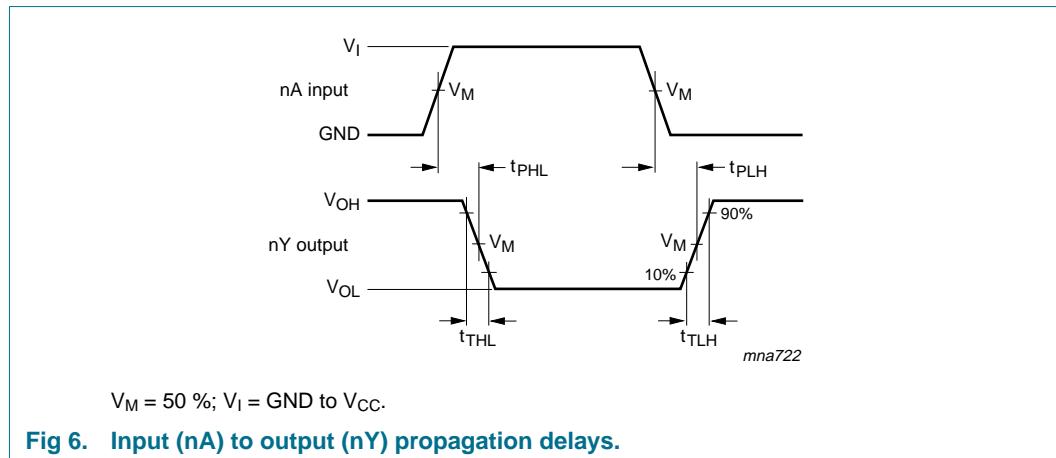
V<sub>CC</sub> = supply voltage in Volts;

N = total load switching outputs;

Σ(C<sub>L</sub> × V<sub>CC</sub><sup>2</sup> × f<sub>o</sub>) = sum of the outputs.

[4] The condition is V<sub>I</sub> = GND to V<sub>CC</sub>.

## 13. AC waveforms



### 13.1 Typical transfer characteristics

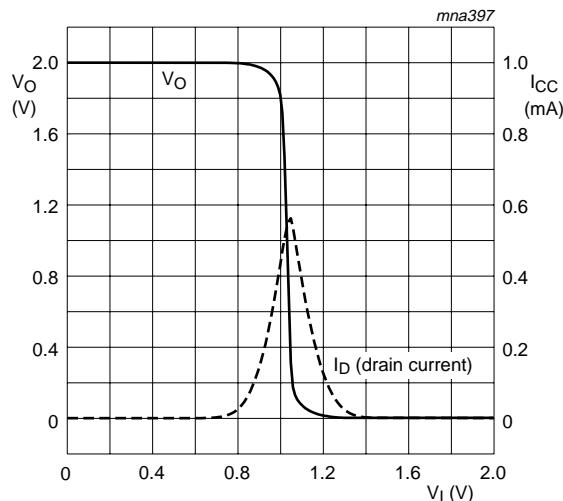


Fig 8.  $V_{CC} = 2.0$  V;  $I_O = 0$  A.

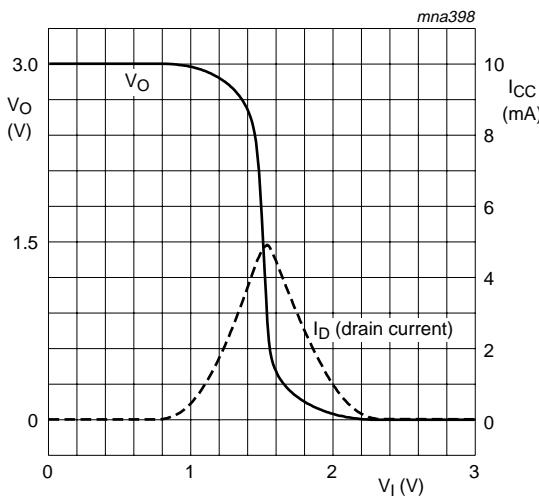


Fig 9.  $V_{CC} = 3.0$  V;  $I_O = 0$  A.

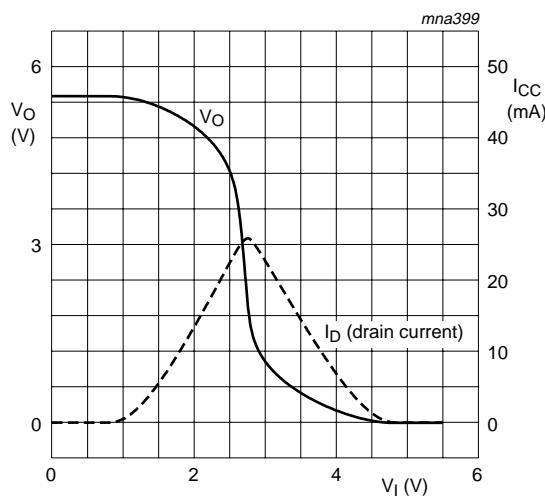
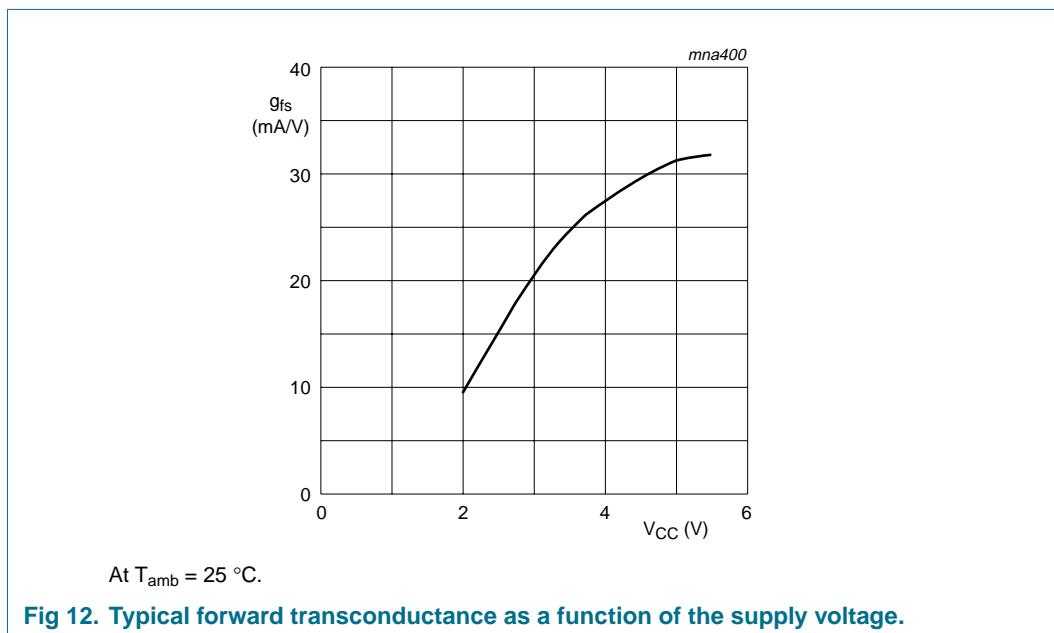
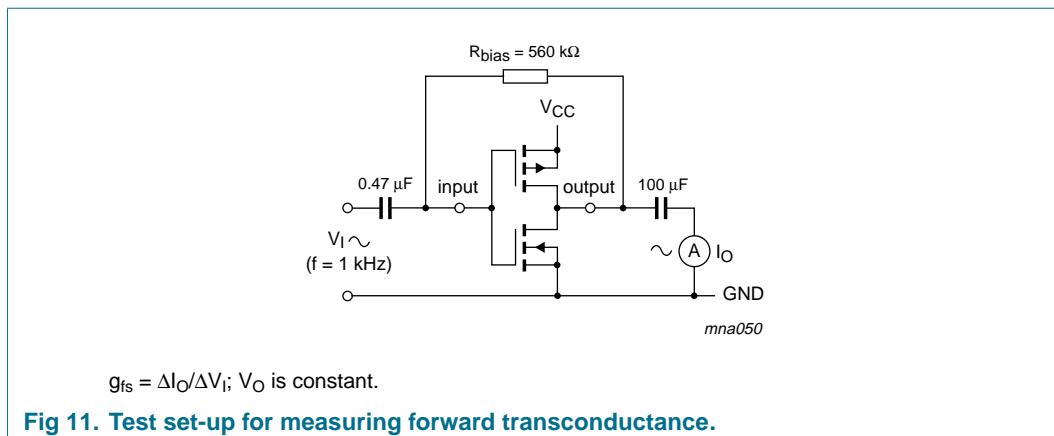


Fig 10.  $V_{CC} = 5.5$  V;  $I_O = 0$  A.

### 13.2 Forward transconductance



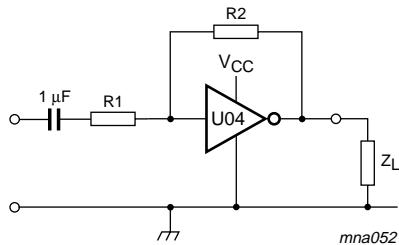
## 14. Application information

Some applications are:

- Linear amplifier see [Figure 13](#)
- In crystal oscillator design see [Figure 14](#).

**Remark:** All values given are typical unless otherwise specified.

## 14.1 Linear amplifier



$V_{O(\max)(p-p)} = V_{CC} - 1.5 \text{ V}$  centered at  $0.5 \times V_{CC}$ .

$$A_u = \frac{A_{OL}}{1 + \frac{R1}{R2}(I + A_{OL})}$$

$A_{OL}$  = open loop amplification.

$A_u$  = voltage amplification.

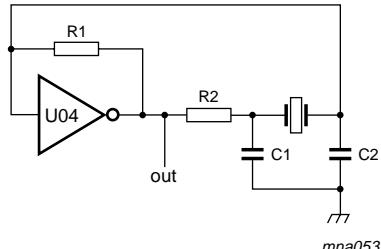
$R1 \geq 3 \text{ k}\Omega$ ;  $R2 \leq 1 \text{ M}\Omega$ .

$Z_L > 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ ;  $A_{OL} = 20$  (typical).

Typical unity gain bandwidth product is 5 MHz.

Fig 13. Used as a linear amplifier.

## 14.2 Crystal oscillator



$C1 = 47 \text{ pF}$  (typical).

$C2 = 22 \text{ pF}$  (typical).

$R1 = 1 \text{ M}\Omega$  to  $10 \text{ M}\Omega$  (typical).

$R2$  optimum value depends on the frequency and required stability against changes in  $V_{CC}$  or average minimum  $I_{CC}$  ( $I_{CC}$  is typically 2 mA at  $V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V}$  and  $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ ).

Fig 14. Crystal oscillator configuration.

Table 10: External components for resonator ( $f < 1 \text{ MHz}$ )

Frequency (kHz)	R1 (MΩ)	R2 (kΩ)	C1 (pF)	C2 (pF)
10 to 15.9	22	220	56	20
16 to 24.9	22	220	56	10
25 to 54.9	22	100	56	10
55 to 129.9	22	100	47	5
130 to 199.9	22	47	47	5
200 to 349.9	22	47	47	5
350 to 600	22	47	47	5

**Remark:** All values given are typical and must be used as initial set-up.

**Table 11: Optimum value for R2**

Frequency (kHz)	R2 (kΩ)	Optimum for
3	2.0	minimum required $I_{CC}$
	8.0	minimum influence due to change in $V_{CC}$
6	1.0	minimum required $I_{CC}$
	4.7	minimum influence due to change in $V_{CC}$
10	0.5	minimum required $I_{CC}$
	2.0	minimum influence due to change in $V_{CC}$
14	0.5	minimum required $I_{CC}$
	1.0	minimum influence due to change in $V_{CC}$
>14	-	replace R2 by C3 with a typical value of 35 pF

## 15. Package outline

TSSOP8: plastic thin shrink small outline package; 8 leads; body width 3 mm; lead length 0.5 mm SOT505-2

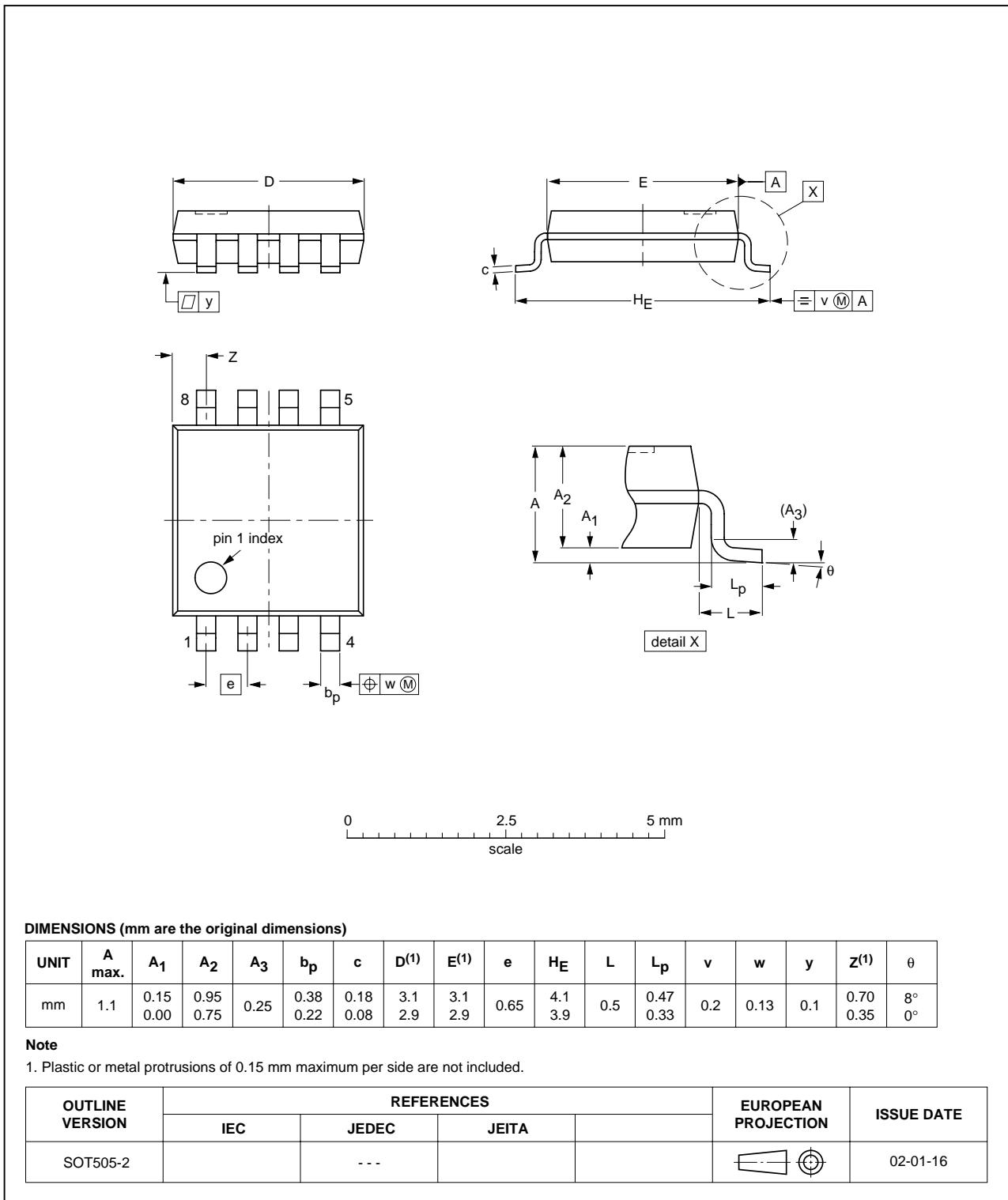
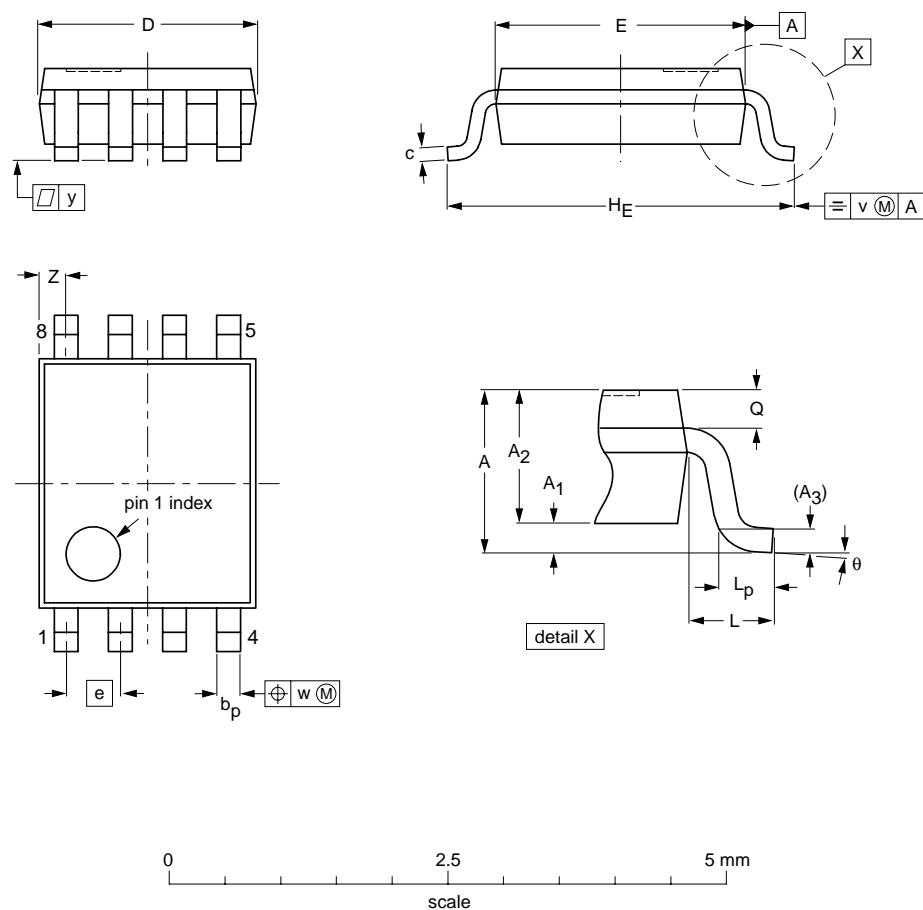


Fig 15. Package outline SOT505-2 (TSSOP8).

VSSOP8: plastic very thin shrink small outline package; 8 leads; body width 2.3 mm

SOT765-1

**DIMENSIONS (mm are the original dimensions)**

UNIT	A max.	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	b <sub>p</sub>	c	D <sup>(1)</sup>	E <sup>(2)</sup>	e	H <sub>E</sub>	L	L <sub>p</sub>	Q	v	w	y	z <sup>(1)</sup>	θ
mm	1 0.00	0.15 0.60	0.85 0.12	0.12 0.17	0.27 0.08	0.23 0.08	2.1 1.9	2.4 2.2	0.5	3.2 3.0	0.4	0.40 0.15	0.21 0.19	0.2 0.2	0.13 0.13	0.1 0.1	0.4 0.1	8° 0°

**Notes**

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm maximum per side are not included.
2. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.25 mm maximum per side are not included.

OUTLINE VERSION	REFERENCES				EUROPEAN PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE
	IEC	JEDEC	JEITA			
SOT765-1		MO-187				02-06-07

**Fig 16. Package outline SOT765-1 (VSSOP8).**

XSON8: plastic extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 8 terminals; body 0.95 x 1.95 x 0.5 mm

SOT833-1

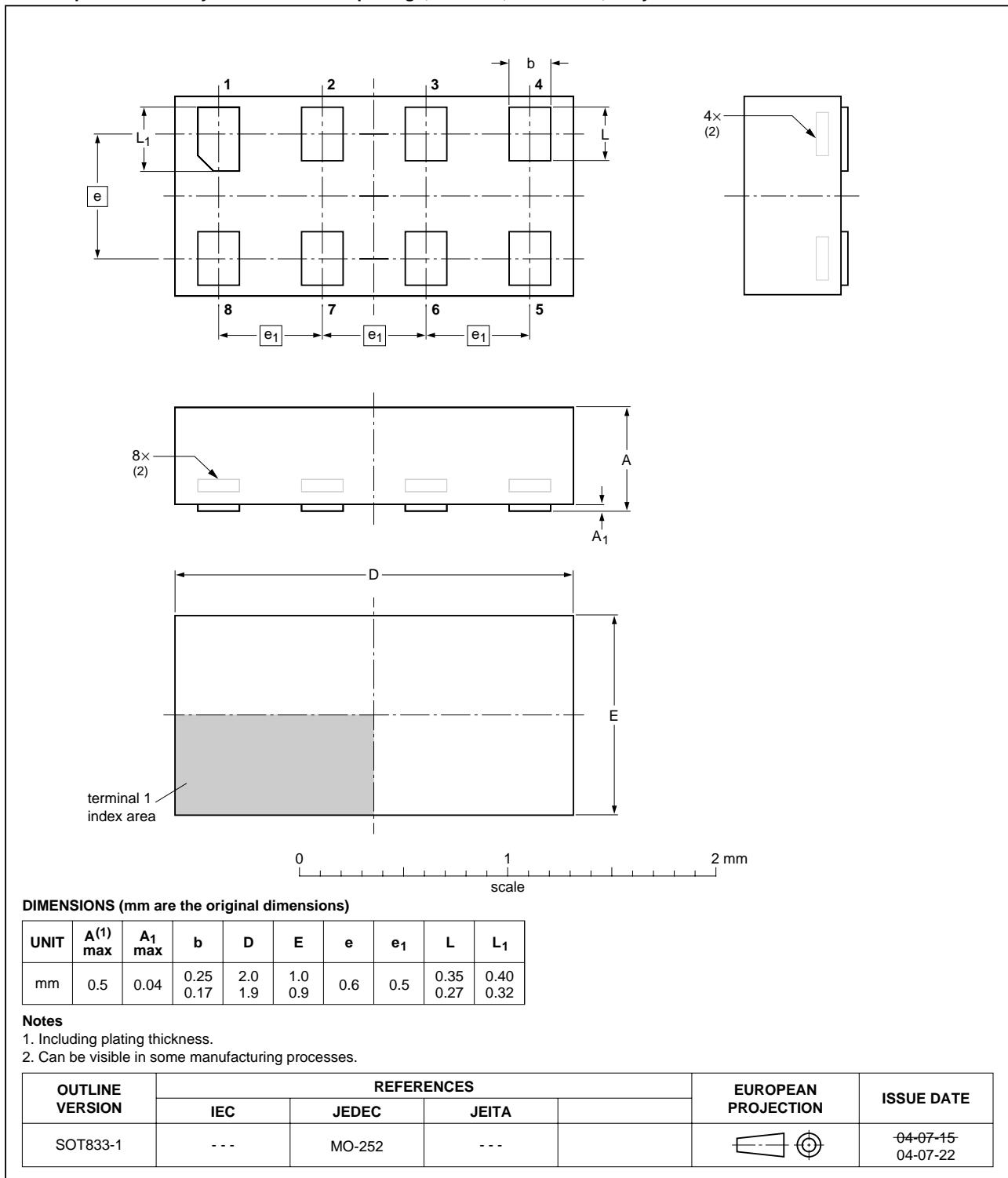


Fig 17. Package outline SOT833-1 (XSON8).

## 16. Revision history

**Table 12: Revision history**

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Order number	Supersedes
74AHC3GU04_2	20040923	product data sheet	-	9397 750 13742	74AHC3GU04_1
Modifications:	Addition of SOT833 and changes in Ordering information and ESD protection.				
74AHC3GU04_1	20040305	product data sheet	-	9397 750 12754	-

## 17. Data sheet status

Level	Data sheet status [1]	Product status [2][3]	Definition
I	Objective data	Development	This data sheet contains data from the objective specification for product development. Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to change the specification in any manner without notice.
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